

Coastal Sustainable Landscapes Project (CSLP)

The journey so far

August 2016

GOVERNMENT OF GHANA APPLAUDS USAID & US FOREST SERVICE INTERVENTION

The District Chief Executive (DCE) of Jomoro District, Hon. George William Somiah, has on behalf of the Government of Ghana commended USAID/Ghana and the US Forest Service for collaborating to impact the lives of a significant number of farmers in the district through the Coastal Sustainable Landscapes Project (CSLP). Mr. Somiah, who recently assumed the highest central government position in the district, made his remarks during a field monitoring visit to two of the five CSLP intervention communities in the district under his jurisdiction; namely Navrongo and Tweakor No1. He was accompanied by the District's Community Development Officer, Mr. Emmanuel Armoo and the CSLP team led by the Director, Dr. Steve Dennison and the Washington, DC based Program Manager, Mr. Adam Welti. Continued on page 3

reatured Stories



From Misperception to Perfection

Page 2



Farmer embarks on behavioural change campaign - *Page 4*



The Power of Climate Change Clubs

Page 5



Introducing CSLP Local Champion Page 7





FROM MISPERCEPTION TO PERFECTION: THE CASE OF FAWOMAN VILLAGE SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

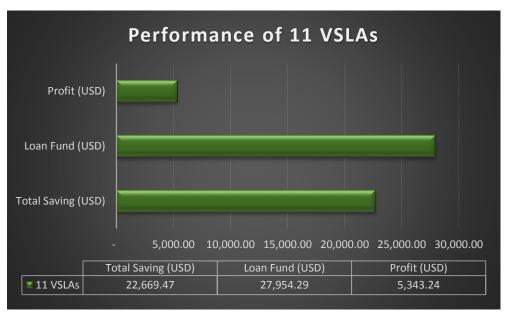
ome left the group but the majority stayed. There was confusion all over. "I am leaving the group." "I am withdrawing all my savings, take your group". These were some of the reactions of members of the 'Nyame Nhyira' Village Savings and Loan Association (VSLA) at Fawoman in the Jomoro District of Ghana's Western Region during the early weeks of their group's establishment. At one point, it took a visit by the entire CSLP team, led by its Washington DC-based Program Manager and an official of the District Assembly to help provide ideas to resolve differences in the group and encourage the group to not give up. Fast forward 9 months later, and it was all smiles and moments of extreme excitement when the group successfully ended their 7module training cycle and had a share out. As noted by one group member, "We saved, got loans to improve our farming activities, engaged in petty trading, paid our children's school fees and still made a huge profit from the group. We thank you (USAID/CSLP). We have not seen this before; we didn't believe it. God bless you". Noting the benefit of the scheme, no member of the group left after their share out, though by their constitution members are free to leave and new members welcomed. In fact, some members called for an increase in their

share value for the next cycle. All this, despite the turmoil and challenges the group faced at the outset. The 'Nyame Nhyira' group is among 19 VSLAs formed by the USAID-funded and US Forest Service-managed Coastal Sustainable Landscapes Project (CSLP). So far, 11 VSLAs have

successfully completed their mandatory training cycle and shared out on the savings and profits made from loans given to group members. The cumulative amount saved by the 11 groups is USD 22, 669, with the lowest return on savings of



12.41% and the highest with 43.35%. In addition to their cumulative loan fund of USD 27, 954, the groups also had a social fund that they used to help members in emergency situations such as deaths, sickness and accidents. Indeed, the Fawoman VLSA story was not different from other groups. Some farmers and fisher folks within the project's zone of influence elected not to join the savings and loan groups saying, "They (USAID/CSLP) will abscond with our money; they are not different from the other groups". (continue from page 3)



GHANA OF GOVERNMENT APPLAUDS USAID & US FOREST SERVICE INTERVENTION

(Continued from front page). As part of the trip, the DCE interacted with many CSLP enlisted farmers in both communities, visited several farms and witnessed a share purchase meeting of a Village Savings and Loan Association (VSLA).

Impressed with the success of the CSLP, the DCE applauded the donor, USAID and the implementing agency, US Forest Service for the efforts.

He was particularly excited about apiary sites managed by women farmers, integration of trees on cocoa farms as shared by enlisted farmers, and the immense financial benefits provided to members of the VSLAs from their accumulated savings and loan activities over the past year.



Mrs. Atsu (left) standing by a tree planted through CSLP support and interacting with the DCE Hon. Somiah (middle) at her cocoa farm. Looking on is CSLP Director, Dr. Dennison.

At the farm of Mrs. Gladys Atsu of Navrongo, the DCE noted, "...you have been well trained by the CSLP in best farming practices and I will call on you to train other farmers". In both communities, the DCE urged the farmers to keep up the great work being done with the CSLP and promised his support to them, where possible. He called on USAID and US Forest Service to increase the number of its intervention communities within the district to help enhance the living standard of other farmers; noting the farmers in other communities would equally benefit from the project interventions.



FROM MISPERCEPTION TO PERFECTION: THE CASE OF FAWOMAN VILLAGE SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

(continued from page 2) This was despite several community sensitizations on the VSLA concept and its linkage to enhancing economic benefits through improved natural resource management practices. Now, many of these formerly reluctant residents are more than eager to join the associations; some having pleaded to join VSLAs that had not yet reached the maximum allowable membership.

As a sustainability mechanism, the CSLP has trained 12 community members and District Assembly officials as Village Agents. These agents now have the capacity to facilitate the formation of, and provide mentorship to, VSLAs after the CSLP. In Ghana, too many formal and informal savings and loan institutions have failed to deliver on their promises and have often absconded with clients' savings. The VSLA model supported by the CSLP is stemming that tide and providing immediate economic benefits for its members and their households — all done with the members' own seed funding and management with the CSLP facilitating the module trainings and providing the start-up kits (mainly; cash box, pass books, a calculator and cash sacks).



FARMER EMBARKS ON BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE CAMPAIGN

Listowell Adus Medwenlemenwo is a 38-year-old farmer in Adusuazo in the Jomoro District of Ghana's Western Region and actively engaged in the cultivation of vegetables including tomatoes, peppers, and garden eggs.

Prior to the start of the USAID-funded, and US Service **Forest** managed, Coastal Sustainable Landscapes Project (CSLP), Listowell was farming using large quantities agrochemicals. He was using herbicides to clear weeds, burning the landscape to clear undergrowth, applying inorganic fertilizers to improve soil fertility applying and pesticides to control pests/disease.

After participating in **CSLP** trainings Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) practices, Mr. Adus now manually clears weeds from his farm and has adopted Integrated Pest Management (IPM) practices across his fields.

He now uses organic pesticides (e.g. chili pepper and garlic) to control pests and diseases and applies organic manure (e.g. cow dung) as fertilizer. Compared to his previous use of agrochemicals, he has observed that it is less expensive to employ the CSA practices. He has integrated over 200 trees in his cash crop farms. Currently, he encourages other vegetable farmers to go the CSA way rather than the input intensive methods he previously used. According to Listowell, if vegetable farmers move toward using CSA practices, they will greatly benefit in the long run. Mr. Adus now actively shares the lessons he is learning with other farmers and is very optimistic more farmers will join him to practice the improved farming practices being promoted by CSLP. In addition, Adus has a secondary forest on his farm that he is reserving for an apiary.



Adus at his CSA vegetable farm

He is waiting for the next cycle of beekeeping training and the supply of start-up kits from CSLP to establish his apiary which will have the added benefit of conserving his patch of secondary forest thereby continuing to sequester carbon and reduce rates of deforestation in the Western Region.

Born at Adusuazo, Adus dropped out of senior high school after his father's passing in 1998. He had a car accident in 1998 that made him physically challenged from which he miraculously recovered in 2002. In 2004, he started farming, with a focus on vegetables and has since remained a farmer. Adus has not only inspired the CSLP team with his resilience and commitment to change, he continues to inspire his community members as well. In early December 2015, the CSLP used the occasion of the 31st Farmers' Day celebration in Jomoro District to honor Mr. Listowell Adus Medwenlemenwo as a best organic vegetable farmer under climate smart vegetable production.

THE POWER OF CLIMATE CHANGE CLUBS



ear the voice of some Ghanaian youth:

"fishing with dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT) is not good, it is bad for the fisheries sector, it is not suitable for human consumption but most fishermen still fish with DDT.

"the fishermen are destroying the future of our fisheries; using chemicals to fish means poisoning the fish we eat and destroying the sea"

"...the DDT kills even the juvenile fish, like killing young children in a town"

"...But we are always consuming fish, what happens to our health and future?"

"...such fish when consumed will affect our health but the fishermen seem not to care about us".

"...My Father is a fisherman; I know they use such substances but did not know it was that harmful. Now I know so I will advise him not to use DDT for fishing again".

These were some of the comments made by members of Akwidaa Seventh-Day Adventist

& Yabiw Methodist Junior High Schools' Climate Change Clubs (CCC) at a Sustainable Landscapes Coastal Project (CSLP)-facilitated training in June 2016. Akwidaa is a major fishing community adjacent to significant wetland areas. The CSLP is engaged in this area partially because these wetlands are degraded but have potential to be restored. In addition to working to raise awareness amongst the community such as through the climate change clubs, the project is also working to replant over 12,000

mangrove seedlings and to help develop a local management plan for 208 hectares of these precious mangroves.

Drama by CCC

The students, now more aware of critical environmental issues and the implications for

the future, are poised to contribute towards addressing such preventable problems.



Informal discussions by the CSLP staff with a parent and fisherman in the community revealed that he is , "...touched and appreciates the concerns of our children and will urge my colleagues to stop such bad practices as the future generation equally needs the resource in a better state" (continue from page 7)



SOME MEDIA REPORTS ON CSLP ACTIVITIES

News

Ghana celebrates World Environment Day



CSLP EMPOWERS SHAMA TEACHERS ON CONSERVATION

From Marlvin-James

Dadzie, Shama, W/R Teachers and Education Officers in the Shama District of the Western Region are being empowered to champion the conservation of natural resources through improved sanitation management.

A pool of 74 teachers selected from the 37 public schools in the district as well as education officers from the Ghana Education Service directorate in the district have undergone a two-day training to sharpen their skills on resource conservation and sanitation management.

The training, spearheaded by the Coastal Sustainable Landscape Project (CSLP) and implemented by the United States Forest Service International programmes, is funded by USAID.

It is aimed at fostering behavioral change on sanitation and resource conservation among the youth, using the educational institutions as a pivot to realize this objective.

"It is my wish that from here, you'll go back to your various schools and offices and become good ambassadors of the environment", Steve Dennison, Director of CSLP, told participants at

He said the Western Region has rich environmental resources which should be protected.

Human activities, he said if not checked approprintely, could destroy the region's resources and bring about several environmental adversities to

Citing examples in Nigeria where human activities have derai-ed large portions of the country's natural resources, he said, community leaders should play a lead rob in preserving the environs

The Shama District Environmental Health Of-ficer, Rosemond Ayebea Mantey, who took participants through ways of ensuring proper sanita-tion, underscored the importance of conservation.

She said if the district could properly deal with waste, it would be able to curb several health and environmental adversities

For his part Anthony Ofori Aidoo, the Shama District Manager of Zoomlion Ghana Limited, said his outfit would continue to do its part to keep the district clean but added that there was the need for a concerted effort since waste management was a shared responsibility.



W/Region c'nities cautioned against disasters



NEWS... CSLP PROMOTES CLIMATE CHANGE AWARENESS

Farmers Laud Coastal Sustainable Livelihood Project

From Clement Adzel Boye, Navrongo/Tweakor Number One

From Marlvin-James Dadzie, Jomoro, W/R

FAMERS in Newrongo and Tweekor Number One
In the Jomor District of the Western Region,
have commended the Coestal Sustainable Unellhood Project (SSL), to improve agricultural production and reduce carbon emissions.
According to the organisers of CSLP, the reaforestation and tree planting programmes, Including bee-keeping, were steps to ensure soil security,
improve growth and also maintain jobs and incomes
of farmers.

of farmers.

The farmers in the two communities made these comments on Tuesday when the new District Chief Executive for Jonnon, Mr. George Somiah, accompanied by a team time LoSP, led by Sinve Demision went on a study tour of the two areas.

The SSIP, is a three-year United States Agency for International Development (USAID) funded programme managed by US Forest Service it is being implemented in six coastal districts of the Western Region. The focus is to lover greenforuse gas emissions and high carbon concentration in the land use sector.



NEWS... NEWS ... NEWS... CSLP Celebrates World Env. Day @ Konfueku



The Power of Climate Change Clubs

(continued from page 5) Illegal fishing methods are among the key problems in the Ghanaian fisheries sector and a major contributor to the decline in fish stock. The situation is widespread particularly among the artisanal fisheries sector. The CSLP believes raising awareness among its Climate Change Club Ambassadors (members of the climate change clubs) is one important means of addressing the problem. The USAID-funded and US Forest Service-managed CSLP has helped to form eight clubs to date, with membership of over 600 students. The clubs have been formed in the coastal districts of Ghana's Western Region and are engaged in several behavioural change activities with one of the clubs having won a National Award in December 2015 for its work related to agriculture and environment.

INTRODUCING CSLP FEMALE LOCAL CHAMPION

Gladys Atsu

Facts about Gladys

- A farmer and petty trader who didn't receive formal education as a child
- Mother of 6 females aged
 9-31 years and 3 other
 dependents
- Comes from Ghana's VoltaRegion
- Moved from the Volta
 Region to Navrongo in
 Jomoro District 28 years
 ago
- CSLP enlisted farmer
- Chairperson of *Dzigbodi* Village Savings and Loan
 Association (formed by
 CSLP)
- Trained by CSLP as a beekeeper and has reserved secondary forest for her apiary
- Integrated over 180 trees on her farm in 2015
- Practicing farmer managed natural regeneration of valuable tree species.
- Promoting climate smart agricultural practices



Pictured is Gladys Atsu (left) and CSLP's Director, Dr. Steve Dennison. Gladys is an active farmer at Navrongo in the Jomoro District of Ghana's Western Region, who has excelled in sustainable landscape management practices. participated fully in CSLPs' trainings in agroforestry, enrichment planting, farmer managed natural regeneration, beekeeping, and ecosystem services and livelihoods, among others, she has not relented in her efforts to put lessons learned into practice. Thus far, Mrs. Atsu has integrated more than 180 trees on her farm which includes both cash and food crops. Based on her understanding of climate change and the need for diversified livelihood, she has reserved a secondary forest patch for beekeeping. In addition, she is the Chairperson of the CSLP facilitated Dzigbodi Village Savings and Loan Association in her community. Mrs. Atsu believes that everyone must help to address the impact of climate change. As she put it,

"... things are changing and most of them are due to human activities. When I moved from my hometown to Navrongo, farming was good but now the weather pattern has changed and it is affecting us. We must all come together and reverse the situation. We have to plant more trees, avoid indiscriminate cutting of trees, fish without chemicals, use/apply organic pesticides and organic manure; these will help us not to die young".

Asked what she feels about CSLP, she said,

"In fact, you (CSLP) have really helped me; you have empowered me, now, I am a beekeeper, adopted best and farming practices developed greater leadership qualities as **VSLA** а chairperson. Through the VSLA, I now comfortably pay the school fees of my children and other dependents, have expanded my petty trading and can hire more labour for my farm work".

As a beekeeper, she wants her VSLA, which recently had a share out, to start beekeeping in the next few months.

CSLP is proud of Mrs. Gladys Atsu and recently awarded her the best female farmer engaged in improved natural resources management/sustainable landscapes management.



CSLP Manager at a project supported fruit garden site



VSLA Members after a share-out meeting.



CSLP Team at 2016 World Environment Day Celebration

CSLP FAST FACTS

- Covers 41 communities in 6 coastal districts
- CSLP has within nine months:
 - Reduced the quantity of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by over 4,250,000 metric tons of CO2e
 - o Formed 6 new Climate Change Clubs
 - Formed 7 new Village Savings and Loan
 Associations (22 in total)
 - Enhanced the capacity of 57 state and non-state institution to address climate change issues
 - Spent 11,489 person hours of training in diverse topics on climate change and natural resource management.
 - Formed 14 Climate Smart Agriculture
 Vegetable Groups
 - Built the capacity of over 100 farmers in beekeeping
 - Formed and empowered 12 wetland conservation management committees
 - Avoided possible deforestation in over 200 hectares
- Empowered District Assembly Officials on GIS and remote sensing techniques.
- Initiated urban forestry interventions with government institutions.
- Enhanced private sector contribution to climate change mitigation/adaptation activities.
- Build the capacity of 113 state education officials on waste management
- Enhanced collaboration with GoG Technical Officials and Traditional Authorities

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Coastal Sustainable Landscapes Project (CSLP) Implemented by US Forest Service International Programs

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